

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Absolute Accuracy
4591 S Wayside Dr
Houston, TX 77087
(832) 571-2387

Product Code: 2824

Synonyms: N/A
Recommended Use: CALIBRATION GAS
Usage Restrictions: INDUSTRIAL CALIBRATION GAS

Section 2: Hazards Identification



Danger

Hazard Classification:

Aspiration Hazard (Category 1)
Flammable (Category 1)
Gases Under Pressure
Reproductive Toxicity (Category 2)
Specific target organ toxicity (Repeated Exposure) (Category 2)
Specific target organ toxicity (Single Exposure) (Category 3)

Hazard Statements:

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
Extremely flammable gas
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
May cause respiratory irritation;
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/ vapors/spray..
[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
Obtain special instructions before use.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Response:

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
 Do NOT induce vomiting.
 If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
 Protect from sunlight.
 Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and/or container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS #	Concentration
Argon	7440-37-1	300 PPM
Propane	74-98-6	0.5 %
Butane	106-97-8	0.5 %
n-Pentane	109-66-0	0.5 %
Hexane	110-54-3	0.5 %
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1 %
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	2 %
Hydrogen	1333-74-0	2 %
Ethane	74-84-0	3 %
Methane	74-82-8	balance

	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Argon	ARGON, COMPRESSED	Inorganic gases	ARGON; UN 1006; AR
Propane	PROPANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	N-PROPANE; DIMETHYLMETHANE; PROPYL HYDRIDE; R-290; PROPYLHYDRIDE; LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS; LPG; >96% NATURAL GRADE; >99.9% PURE GRADE; UN 1978; C3H8
Butane	BUTANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	N-BUTANE; LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS; NORMAL BUTANE; BUTYL HYDRIDE; LPG; UN 1011; C4H10
n-Pentane	N-PENTANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	PENTANE; AMYL HYDRIDE; UN 1265; C5H12
Hexane	HEXANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	N-HEXANE; 1-HEXANE; HEXYL HYDRIDE; 1-HEXANE; NORMAL HEXANE; SKELLYSOLVE B; UN 1208; CAPROYL HYDRIDE; C6H14
Carbon Dioxide	CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS	Inorganic gases	CARBONIC ACID GAS; CARBONIC ANHYDRIDE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBON OXIDE; UN 1013; CO2
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS	Inorganic gases	DIATOMIC NITROGEN; DINITROGEN; NITROGEN; NITROGEN-14; NITROGEN GAS; UN 1066; N2
Hydrogen	HYDROGEN	Inorganic gases	HYDROGEN GAS; HYDROGEN COMPRESSED; HYDROGEN (H2); DIHYDROGEN; UN 1049; H2
Ethane	ETHANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	BIMETHYL; ETHANE, COMPRESSED; METHYLMETHANE; DIMETHYL; ETHYL HYDRIDE; UN 1035; C2H6
Methane	METHANE, COMPRESSED GAS	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	FIRE DAMP; MARSH GAS; METHYL HYDRIDE; NATURAL GAS; METHANE; UN 1971; R50; CH4

Section 4: First Aid Measures

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Argon	Not applicable route of exposure	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	Not applicable route of exposure	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Propane	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Butane	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Not likely route of exposure.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
n-Pentane	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Aspiration hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical attention. Give artificial respiration if not breathing.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	Not available
Hexane	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Aspiration hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical attention. Give artificial respiration if not breathing.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Long-term exposure to n-hexane can cause damage to the peripheral nervous system.

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Carbon Dioxide	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Do not induce vomiting.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Nitrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Hydrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Ethane	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Methane	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Argon	Non-flammable gas	Not applicable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ N/A ▪ N/A

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Propane	Regular dry chemical, high expansion foam Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, water and toxic and irritating fumes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. ▪ Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Butane	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, water and toxic and irritating fumes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply. ▪ Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
n-Pentane	Regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular foam Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and toxic and irritating fumes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. ▪ Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Hexane	Regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular foam Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and toxic and irritating fumes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus. ▪ Protective material types: rubber
Carbon Dioxide	Non-flammable	Non-flammable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus. ▪ Non-flammable
Nitrogen	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.
Hydrogen	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	None known	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. ▪ Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Ethane	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Toxic gases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. ▪ Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Methane	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. ▪ Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Argon	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	None known.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Propane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Butane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
n-Pentane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Hexane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray.

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Carbon Dioxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65). Keep out of water supplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Nitrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Hydrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch spilled material. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Ethane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch spilled material. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Methane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Argon	Leaks may be detected by a soapy-water solution.	
Propane	Contact emergency personnel	None
Butane	Stop leak, evacuate area. Use protective equipment. Contact emergency personnel.	None
n-Pentane	Small spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Large spills: Dike for later disposal.	Not available
Hexane	Small spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Large spills: Dike for later disposal. Remove sources of ignition.	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
Carbon Dioxide	Stop leak, evacuate, remove source of ignition.	None
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A
Hydrogen	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.	None
Ethane	Contact emergency personnel immediately.	Not available
Methane	Not available	Not available

Section 7: Handling and Storage

	Handling	Storage
Argon	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Avoid using in confined spaces.
Propane	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Butane	Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.110.

	Handling	Storage
n-Pentane	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier.
Hexane	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier
Carbon Dioxide	Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Hydrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Ethane	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Methane	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

	Exposure Guidelines
Argon	ARGON, COMPRESSED: ARGON: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)
Propane	PROPANE: 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS (LPG): 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA

	Exposure Guidelines
Butane	N-BUTANE: 800 ppm (1900 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 800 ppm (1900 mg/m ³) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS (LPG): 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA
n-Pentane	PENTANE: 1000 ppm (2950 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA 600 ppm (1770 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 750 ppm (2210 mg/m ³) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 600 ppm ACGIH TWA 120 ppm (350 mg/m ³) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 610 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) NIOSH recommended ceiling 15 minute(s)
Hexane	N-HEXANE: 500 ppm (1800 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA 50 ppm (180 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 50 ppm ACGIH TWA (skin) 50 ppm (180 mg/m ³) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s)
Carbon Dioxide	CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS: CARBON DIOXIDE: 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA 10000 ppm (18000 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 30000 ppm (54000 mg/m ³) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 5000 ppm ACGIH TWA 30000 ppm ACGIH STEL 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m ³) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 30000 ppm (54000 mg/m ³) NIOSH recommended STEL
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)
Hydrogen	HYDROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)
Ethane	TLV-TWA: 1000ppm (Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1 - C4) (ACGIH)
Methane	METHANE, COMPRESSED GAS: ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA METHANE: No occupational exposure limits established. ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA

Engineering Controls

Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Argon	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	N/A
Propane	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Butane	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
n-Pentane	Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Hexane	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Carbon Dioxide	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.
Hydrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Ethane	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Methane	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

General Hygiene considerations

- Avoid breathing vapor or mist
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin
- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Argon	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Propane	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Gasoline odor	N/A
Butane	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Faint petroleum-like odor	N/A
n-Pentane	Liquid	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Liquid	Gasoline odor	N/A
Hexane	Liquid	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Liquid	Faint odor, gasoline odor	N/A
Carbon Dioxide	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Acid taste
Nitrogen	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Hydrogen	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Ethane	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Sweet odor	N/A
Methane	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Argon	Not flammable			Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Propane	-157 F (-105 C)	Not available	Not available	842 F (450 C)	0.095	0.021
Butane	-76 F (-60 C) (CC)	Not available	630.96 (log = 2.80) (estimated from water solubility)	549 F (287 C)	0.085	0.019

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
n-Pentane	<-40 F (<-40 C) (CC)	IA	Not available	500 F (260 C)	0.078	0.014
Hexane	-9.4 F (-23 C) (CC); -7 F (-21.7 C) (CC)	IB	139315.68 (log = 5.148) (estimated from water solubility)	437 F (225 C)	0.075	0.011
Carbon Dioxide	Not flammable	Not available	N/A	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Nitrogen	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Hydrogen	Flammable gas (burns at all ambient temperatures)	Not available	Not available	752 F (400 C)	0.75	0.04
Ethane	-211 F (-135 C) (CC)	Not available	912.01 (log = 2.97) (estimated from water solubility)	882 F (472 C)	0.125	0.03
Methane	-369 F (-223 C)	Not available	724.44 (log = 2.87) (estimated from water solubility)	999 F (537 C)	15%	5%

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	pH	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosity
Argon	-303 F (-186 C)	-308 F (-189 C)	500 mmHg @ -190 C	1.38 (Air=1)	Not applicable	3.36% @ 20 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.0225 cP @ 25 C
Propane	-40 F (-40 C)	-310 F (-190 C)	6398 mmHg @ 21.1 C	1.55 (Air=1)	0.5853 @ -45 C	Very slightly soluble	Not applicable	5000-20000 ppm	Not applicable	Not available
Butane	30 F (-1 C)	-216 F (-138 C)	1557 mmHg @ 20 C	2.1 (Air=1)	0.5788 @ 0 C	0.15	Not applicable	6.16 ppm	Not applicable for gas. Liquefied n-butane will evaporate rapidly at room temperature	Not available
n-Pentane	96.93 F (36.07 C)	-201.5 F (-129.7 C)	400 mmHg @ 18.5 C	2.5 (Air=1)	0.626	0.0004	Not available	2.2-5000 ppm	28.6 (butyl acetate=1)	<32 SUS
Hexane	156 F (69 C)	-139 F (-95 C)	124 mmHg @ 20 C	3 (Air=1)	0.6603	0.014% @ 20 C	Neutral	64-244 ppm	8.9 (n-butyl acetate = 1)	0.32 cP @ 25 C
Carbon Dioxide	Not available	-71 F (-57 C) @ 4000 mmHg	43700 mmHg @ 21 C	1.5 (Air=1)	1.522 @ 21 C	Soluble	3.7 (saturated aqueous solution) @ 101.3 kPa (carbonic acid)	Not available	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C
Nitrogen	-321 F (-196 C)	-346 F (-210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C
Hydrogen	-423 F (-253 C)	-434 F (-259 C)	760 mmHg @ -253 C	0.07 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.82% @ 20 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.008957 cP @ 26.8 C

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	pH	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosity
Ethane	-128 F (-89 C)	-297 F (-183 C)	28842 mmHg @ 21 C	1.05 (Air =1)	Not applicable	4.7% @ 20 C	Not applicable	899 ppm	Not applicable for gas. Refrigerated liquefied ethane will evaporate rapidly at room temperature	0.00852 cP @ 0 C
Methane	-260 F (-162 C)	-297 F (-183 C)	760 mmHg @ -161 C	0.555 (Air=1)	Not applicable	3.5% @ 17 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.01118 cP @ 27 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Argon	39.948	AR	1.784 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Soluble: Organic solvents
Propane	44.11	C-H3-C-H2-C-H3	0.116	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Absolute alcohol, ether, chloroform, benzene, turpentine
Butane	58.12	C-H3-(C-H2)2-C-H3	Not available	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, chloroform
n-Pentane	72.15g/mol	C5-H12	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, acetone, benzene, chloroform
Hexane	86.18	C-H3-(C-H2)4-C-H3	Not available	Not available	Not available	675 g/l VOC (w/v)	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, chloroform, acetone, organic solvents
Carbon Dioxide	44.01	C-O2	0.114	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, acetone, hydrocarbons, organic solvents
Nitrogen	28.0134	N2	1.2506 g/L	Not available	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia
Hydrogen	2	H2	0.08987 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Not available
Ethane	30.07	C-H3-C-H3	1.242 g/L @ 25 C	Not available	Not available	1	Soluble: Benzene, ethanol
Methane	16.04	C-H4	0.717 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, benzene, organic solvents

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Argon	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	No data available.
Propane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, combustible materials, halogen compounds,
Butane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogen compounds
n-Pentane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, combustible materials, halogen compounds
Hexane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogens, combustible materials, chlorine dioxide, fluorine, nitrogen dioxide, potassium chlorate, chlorine, chlorosulfuric acid
Carbon Dioxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, oxidizing materials, metal salts, reducing agents, metal carbide, metals, bases

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials
Hydrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials, metal oxides, combustible materials, halogens, metal salts, halo carbons, nitrogen trifluoride, oxygen difluoride, magnesium and calcium carbonate, sodium, potassium
Ethane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogens,
Methane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Halogens, oxidizing materials, combustible materials

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Argon	No data available.	Will not polymerize.
Propane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Butane	Oxides of carbon.	Will not polymerize.
n-Pentane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Hexane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Carbon Dioxide	Carbon monoxide	Will not polymerize.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.
Hydrogen	Miscellaneous decomposition products	Will not polymerize.
Ethane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Methane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Argon	Not established	Not established	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, dizziness, disorientation, mood swings, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, suffocation, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma
Propane	LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat >800000 ppm 15 minutes	Not available	Central nervous system depression, difficulty breathing, nausea, vomiting, irregular heartbeat, headache, symptoms of drunkenness, disorientation, suffocation, convulsions, coma
Butane	LC(50): 658 mg/l (270,000 ppm) butane (4 hour-rat)	Not established	Irritation, nausea, vomiting, headache, drowsiness, symptoms of drunkenness, tingling sensation, suffocation, convulsions, coma, can displace oxygen at high concentrations
n-Pentane	>2000 mg/kg oral-rat LD50	Not available	Irritation, nausea, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, mood swings, loss of coordination, central nervous system depression, asphyxiant
Hexane	>5 gm/kg oral-rat LD50	>2 gm/kg skin-rabbit LD50	Irritation, nausea, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, mood swings, loss of coordination, lung congestion, nerve damage, brain damage, unconsciousness
Carbon Dioxide	Not established	Not established	Ring in the ears, nausea, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, visual disturbances, suffocation, convulsions, coma
Nitrogen	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma
Hydrogen	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, fatigue, dizziness, disorientation, mood swings, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma
Ethane	Not available	Not available	Irritation, nausea, vomiting, irregular heartbeat, headache, dizziness, disorientation, emotional disturbances, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, suffocation, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma
Methane	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, fatigue, dizziness, disorientation, mood swings, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, suffocation, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Argon	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	
Propane	Liquid: frostbite, blurred vision	Liquid: blisters, frostbite	No health hazards classified.
Butane	Frostbite, blurred vision	Blisters, frostbite	Central nervous system depression, difficulty breathing
n-Pentane	Irritation	Irritation	Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3; H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Aspiration hazard, Category 1; H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Hexane	Mild irritation	Irritation	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2; H361f: Suspected of damaging fertility. Aspiration hazard, Category 1; H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2; H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Skin irritation, Category 2; H315: Causes skin irritation. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3; H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic Category 2; H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Carbon Dioxide	Irritation, frostbite, blurred vision	Liquid: blisters, frostbite	Difficulty breathing
Nitrogen	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing
Hydrogen	Not irritating	Not irritating	Difficulty breathing
Ethane	Frostbite	Frostbite	Difficulty breathing
Methane	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing

Chronic Effects

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Developmental Effects
Argon	Not established	Not established	Not established	No data
Propane	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Butane	None	Not established	Not established	No data
n-Pentane	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Hexane	Not listed.	Available.	Available.	No data
Carbon Dioxide	Not available	Not established	Available.	No data
Nitrogen	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data
Hydrogen	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Ethane	Not Listed.	Not available	Not available	No data
Methane	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

Fate and Transport

	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation /	Mobility in Environment
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			Accumulation	
Argon	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Propane	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Butane	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Expected to exist entirely in the vapor phase in ambient air.	Not available	Not available	Not available
n-Pentane	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: 3000000 ug/L 48 week(s) (Mortality) Pacific oyster (Crassostrea gigas) Algal toxicity: 1000 ug/L 8 year(s) EC50 (Photosynthesis) Algae, phytoplankton, algal mat (Algae) Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Hexane	Fish toxicity: 2500 ug/L 96 hour(s) LC50 (Mortality) Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: 75 ug/L 28 hour(s) (Population Growth) Green algae (Chlamydomonas sp) Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Highly volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.
Carbon Dioxide	Fish toxicity: 150000 ug/L 48 day(s) (Mortality) Brown trout (Salmo trutta) Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Moderately volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Leaches through the soil

	available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available			
Nitrogen	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Hydrogen	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Ethane	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Highly volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Leaches through the soil or the sediment at a slow rate.
Methane	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Moderately volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Argon	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Propane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Butane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
n-Pentane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Hexane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Carbon Dioxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hydrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Ethane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.

Methane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
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Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Information For This Mixture

Shipping Name	Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s. (Methane, Ethane)
UN Number	UN1954
Hazard Class	2.1
Hazard Information	FLAMMABLE GAS

Individual Component Information

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
A r g o n	Argon, compressed	UN1006	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A
P r o p a n e	Propane	UN1978	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A
B u t a n e	Butane	UN1011	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A
n- P e n t a n e	Pentanes	UN1265	3	II	3	N/A	N/A	N/A
H e x a n e	Hexanes	UN1208	3	II	3	5 kg or L	N/A	N/A
C a r b o n D i o x i d e	Carbon dioxide	UN1013	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150kg	None

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
Nitrogen	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A
Hydrogen	Hydrogen, compressed	UN1049	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	None
Ethane	Ethane	UN1035	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A
Methane	Methane, compressed	UN1971	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
Argon	Argon, compressed	UN1006	2.2	Not applicable
Propane	Propane	UN1978	2.1	Not applicable
Butane	Butane	UN1011	2.1	Not applicable
n-Pentane	Pentanes	UN1265	3	II
Hexane	Hexanes	UN1208	3	II
Carbon Dioxide	Carbon dioxide	UN1013	2.2	Not applicable
Nitrogen	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable
Hydrogen	Hydrogen, compressed	UN1049	2.1	Not applicable
Ethane	Ethane	UN1035	2.1	Not applicable
Methane	Methane, compressed	UN1971	2.1	Not applicable

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40
Argon	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Propane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Butane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
n-Pentane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Hexane	5000 LBS RQ	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Hydrogen	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Ethane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

SARA 370.21

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Argon	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Propane	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Butane	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
n-Pentane	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Hexane	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Carbon Dioxide	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Nitrogen	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Hydrogen	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Ethane	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Methane	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

SARA 372.65

Argon	Not regulated.
Propane	Not regulated.
Butane	Not regulated.
n-Pentane	Not regulated.
Hexane	N-HEXANE
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Hydrogen	Not regulated.
Ethane	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety

Argon	Not regulated.
Propane	Not regulated.

Butane	Not regulated.
n-Pentane	Not regulated.
Hexane	Not regulated.
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Hydrogen	Not regulated.
Ethane	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.

State Regulations

	CA Proposition 65
Argon	Not regulated.
Propane	Not regulated.
Butane	Not regulated.
n-Pentane	Not regulated.
Hexane	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexane which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov .
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Hydrogen	Not regulated.
Ethane	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.

Canadian Regulations

	WHMIS Classification
Argon	A
Propane	A, B1.
Butane	A,B1
n-Pentane	B2
Hexane	B2, D2A, D2B
Carbon Dioxide	A
Nitrogen	A
Hydrogen	A, B1.
Ethane	A, B1.
Methane	A, B1

National Inventory Status

	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Argon	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Propane	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Butane	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
n-Pentane	Listed on inventory.	PENTANE CAS NUMBER: 109-66-0 SECTION 4	Listed on inventory.
Hexane	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on DSL.
Carbon Dioxide	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Nitrogen	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Hydrogen	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Ethane	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Methane	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.

Section 16: Other Information

	NFPA Rating
Argon	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA
Propane	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Butane	HEALTH=1 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
n-Pentane	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Hexane	HEALTH=2 FIRE=3 REACTIVITY=0
Carbon Dioxide	HEALTH=3 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA
Hydrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Ethane	HEALTH=3 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Methane	HEALTH=0 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0

0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard