

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Absolute Accuracy
4591 S Wayside Dr
Houston, TX 77087
(832) 571-2387

Product Code: 161

Synonyms: N/A
Recommended Use: CALIBRATION GAS
Usage Restrictions: INDUSTRIAL CALIBRATION GAS ONLY

Section 2: Hazards Identification



Danger

Hazard Classification:

Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Category 1)
Acute Dermal Toxicity (Category 1)
Acute Oral Toxicity (Category 1)
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity (Category 1)
Gases Under Pressure

Hazard Statements:

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
Fatal if swallowed
Fatal in contact with skin
Very toxic to aquatic life
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Wash thoroughly after handling.
Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response:

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Wash with plenty of water
Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

Storage:

Protect from sunlight.

Store in well-ventilated place.
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents and/or container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS #	Concentration
Hydrogen Cyanide	74-90-8	10 PPM
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	BALANCE

	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Hydrogen Cyanide	HYDROGEN CYANIDE, ANHYDROUS, STABILIZED	Inorganic gases	HYDROCYANIC ACID; PRUSSIC ACID; FORMONITRILE; CARBON HYDRIDE NITRIDE; HYDROCYANIC ACID, LIQUEFIED; HYDROGEN CYANIDE; RCRA P063; STCC 4920125; NA 1051; CHN
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS	Inorganic gases	DIATOMIC NITROGEN; DINITROGEN; NITROGEN; NITROGEN-14; NITROGEN GAS; UN 1066; N2

Section 4: First Aid Measures

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Hydrogen Cyanide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Contact local poison control center or physician immediately. Never make an unconscious person vomit or drink fluids. When vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. If person is unconscious, turn head to side. Get medical attention immediately	When safe to enter area, remove from exposure. Use a bag valve mask or similar device to perform artificial respiration (rescue breathing) if needed. Get medical attention immediately.	Consider amyl nitrite inhalation, 1 ampoule (0.2 mL) every 5 minutes, and oxygen. For ingestion, consider gastric lavage. Consider oxygen.
Nitrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Hydrogen Cyanide	Let burn unless leak can be stopped immediately. Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. A full-body chemical protective suit. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. A full-body chemical protective suit.
Nitrogen	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Hydrogen Cyanide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuation radius: 150 feet. For tank, rail car or tank truck: 800 meters (1/2 mile). Do not touch spilled material.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Remove sources of ignition. Reduce vapors with water spray. Do not get water directly on material.
Nitrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Hydrogen Cyanide	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Contact emergency personnel.	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A

Section 7: Handling and Storage

	Handling	Storage
Hydrogen Cyanide	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

	Exposure Guidelines
Hydrogen Cyanide	HYDROGEN CYANIDE, ANHYDROUS, STABILIZED: HYDROGEN CYANIDE: 10 ppm (11 mg/m ³) OSHA TWA (skin) 4.7 ppm (5 mg/m ³) OSHA STEL (skin) (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 4.7 ppm(CN) ACGIH ceiling (skin) 4.7 ppm (5 mg/m ³) NIOSH recommended STEL (skin)
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)

Engineering Controls

Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Hydrogen Cyanide	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. A full-body chemical protective suit.
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

General Hygiene considerations

- Avoid breathing vapor or mist
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin
- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Hydrogen Cyanide	Liquid and Gas (Boiling point in range of room temperature)	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Almond odor	N/A
Nitrogen	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Hydrogen Cyanide	0 F (-18 C) (CC)	IA	Not available	1000 F (538 C)	0.4	0.056
Nitrogen	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	pH	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosity
Hydrogen Cyanide	79 F (26 C)	7 F (-14 C)	620 mmHg @ 20 C	0.941 (Air=1)	0.688 @ 20 C	Soluble	Weakly acidic	2-5 ppm	>1 (butyl acetate=1)	Not available
Nitrogen	-321 F (-196 C)	-346 F (-210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Hydrogen Cyanide	27.03	H-C-N	Average 0.07	Not available	Not available	Not available	Soluble: Alcohol
Nitrogen	28.0134	N ₂	1.2506 g/L	Not available	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Hydrogen Cyanide	May react with evolution of heat on contact with water. Polymerizes explosively if unstabilized and under alkaline conditions, if heated above 50 deg C, in the presence of sunlight or if water or other contaminants are present.	May react with evolution of heat on contact with water. Polymerizes explosively if unstabilized and under alkaline conditions, if heated above 50 deg C, in the presence of sunlight or if water or other contaminants are present.	Combustible materials, bases, amines, oxidizing materials, acids, alkalines, ammonium chloride, heavy metal cyanides
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Hydrogen Cyanide	Cyanides	Polymerizes with evolution of heat. Avoid contact with air, light, water, incompatible material or storage and use above room temperature.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Hydrogen Cyanide	3700 ug/kg oral-mouse LD50	Not available	Irritation, rash, nausea, chest pain, irregular heartbeat, anxiety, headache, blindness, bluish skin color, suffocation, lung congestion, paralysis, convulsions, coma, death
Nitrogen	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Hydrogen Cyanide	Irritation, suffocation, death	Suffocation	Acute toxicity, Category 1, oral; H300: Fatal if swallowed. Acute toxicity, Category 1, dermal; H310: Fatal if in contact with skin. Acute toxicity, Category 1, inhalation; H330: Fatal if inhaled. Skin corrosion, Category 1A; H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Nitrogen	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing

Chronic Effects

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Developmental Effects
Hydrogen Cyanide	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Nitrogen	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

Fate and Transport

	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Hydrogen Cyanide	Fish toxicity: Acute LC50 0.042 to 0.046 mg/L Fresh water Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) 96 h Invertebrate toxicity: 21 ug/L 83 hour(s) NOEC (Reproduction) Scud (Gammarus pseudolimnaeus) Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Nitrogen	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertebrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Hydrogen Cyanide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): P063.
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Information For This Mixture

Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Hydrogen Cyanide)
UN Number	UN1956
Hazard Class	2.2
Hazard Information	Non-Flammable Gas

Individual Component Information

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
H y d r o g e n C y a n i d e	HYDROGEN CYANIDE, STABILIZED with less than 3 percent water	UN1051	6.1	I	6.1; 3	Forbidden	Forbidden	N/A
N i t r o g e n	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
H y d r o g e n C y a n i d e	HYDROGEN CYANIDE, STABILIZED with less than 3 percent water	UN1051	6.1; 3	I
N i t r o g e n	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40
H y d r o g e n C y a n i d e	10 LBS RQ	100 LBS TPQ	10 LBS RQ
N i t r o g e n	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

SARA 370.21

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
H y d r o g e n C y a n i d e	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
N i t r o g e n	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

SARA 372.65

Hydrogen Cyanide	HYDROGEN CYANIDE
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety

Hydrogen Cyanide	1000 LBS TQ
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

State Regulations

	CA Proposition 65
Hydrogen Cyanide	California Proposition 65 - This product contains, or may contain, a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

Canadian Regulations

	WHMIS Classification
Hydrogen Cyanide	B2, D1A, F
Nitrogen	A

National Inventory Status

	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Hydrogen Cyanide	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Nitrogen	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.

Section 16: Other Information

	NFPA Rating
Hydrogen Cyanide	HEALTH=4 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=2 SPECIAL=W-1
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA

0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard